(a) whether in view of the fact that all elected members of the State and Union Legislatures are required to file statements of their assets and liabilities annually, there is any proposal under Government's consideration to make a similar provision for the members of judiciary at all levels;

(b) if so, by when this is likely to be done; and

(c) if not, the reasons therefor?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF LAW AND JUSTICE (SHRI K. VENKATAPATHY): (a) and (b) A Judges (Inquiry) Bill, 2006 has been introduced in the Lok Sabha on 19.12.2006 which provides for setting up of a National Judicial Council. The National Judicial Council shall draw up a Code of Conduct for Judges, which may provide that every Judge at the time of appointment as a Judge of the Supreme Court or of the High Court and thereafter shall annually give intimation of assets and liabilities to the Chief Justice of India or the Chief Justice of the High Court as the case may be.

(c) Does not arise.

Registration of marriages

219. SHRl SHANTARAM LAXMAN NAIK: Will the Minister of LAW AND JUSTICE be pleased to state:

(a) whether the Supreme Court of India has given directives to Government that all marriages solemnized in the country irrespective of regions to which the parties belong, should be registered;

(b) if so, the steps taken by Government in this regard;

(c) whether Government would give any direction to the State Governments in this regard; and

(d) if so, the details thereof?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF LAW AND JUSTICE (SHRI K. VENKATAPATHY): (a) Yes, Sir.

(b) to (d) The matter is under active consideration of the Government.

Completion of delimitation of constituencies

220. SHRI RAMDAS AGARWAL: Will the Minister of LAW AND JUSTICE be pleased to state:

(a) whether the next General Election would be held according to the existing electoral map or after redrawing the constituencies on the basis of reports of the State Delimitation Commissions;

(b) whether it is a fact that though the State Election Commissions had completed most of the work assigned to them, still there were press reports of reservations being expressed on a few constituencies; and

(c) if so, by when Government propose to give effect to the delimitation exercise and notify orders in respect of the all the States/UTs?

THE MINISTER OF LAW AND JUSTICE (SHRI H.R. BHARDWAJ): (a) to (c) The next general elections to the Lok Sabha may be held on the basis of the newly carved out constituencies only if these delimitation orders in respect of all the parliamentary and assembly constituencies are issued by the Delimitation Commission and notified by the President under the second provision to article 82 of the Constitution by then. So far, the Delimitation Commission has completed delimitation work in respect of 22 States/Union Territories, namely, Kerala, Tripura, Mizoram, Goa, Pondicherry, Rajasthan, West Bengal, Punjab, Maharasthra. Sikkim, National Capital Territory of Delhi. Chhattisgarh, Uttar Pradesh, Gujarat, Orissa. Uttaranchal, Himachal Pradesh, Madhya Pradesh, Haryana, Andhra Pradesh, Karnataka and Meghalaya. Meanwhile, the Government has received numerous representations challenging the provisions of the Delimitation Act, the procedure adopted by the Commission, the guidelines issued by it in pursuance thereto as well as the recommendations as regards delimitation of constituencies made by it.

Illegal mining in Karnataka

221. DR. VIJAY MALLYA: Will the Minister of MINES be pleased to state:

(a) the number of inspections carried out by Government to check illegal mining in Karnataka;

(b) the number of illegal mining projects;

(c) the action taken by Government against the offenders; and

(d) the steps taken by Government to stop illegal mining in the State?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF MINES (DR. T. SUBBARAMI REDDY): (a) to (d) State Governments have been empowered under Mines and Mineral (Development & Regulation) Act, 1957 to curb illegal mining, transportation and storage etc. During the year 2006 State Government of Karnataka has detected 3027 cases of illegal mining in which 3.05 lakh metric tonnes of ore/minerals seized, 3378 vehicles seized, 427 FIR lodged, 277 court cases filed and Rs. 719.76 lakhs realized as fine. The Central Government has also directed State Governments to frame rules, constitute task forces at State/District level for preventing of illegal mining and furnish quarterly return on illegal mining for review by Ministry of Mines. The State Government of Karnataka has constituted State Level and District Level Task Force Committee to curb the instances of illegal mining.

Violation of norms for leasing iron-ore mines

222. SHRI C. RAMACHANDRAIAH: Will the Minister of MINES be pleased to state:

(a) whether the Centre has come across any case in the country where the State Governments are violating the laid norms and have given any company iron ore mines on lease and the permission to extract the ore;

(b) if so, whether the Obulapuram mines in Anatapur district of Andhra Pradesh fall under the said category;

(c) if so, the measures being taken to discourage such illegal extraction of mineral wealth of the country; and

(d) if not, the reasons therefor?